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CHAPTER NAME : - THE RISE OF THE ENGLISH EAST INDIA COMPANY. (CH. -2 HIS.).

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY

The British administration in India was based on three pillars civil – services, army and police .

- **Lord Cornwallis established the Indian civil services**
- **Lord Cornwallis try to make the Indian civil services honestly .**
- **The officers were not allowed to accept presents and bribes .**
- **Till 1853 all appointments to the civil services by made by the directors of the East India company**
- **Later the civil servants were recruited through a competitive examination .**
- **A special feature of the Indian civil services was that Indians were almost completely excluded .**
- **All high posts in the administration were held by Englishmen .**

- **The first Indian to pass the civil services examination was Satyendra Nath – Tagore brother of Rabindranath Tagore .**

ARMY

The second important pillar of the British government in India was the Army, with the help of the Army, the British defeated the Indian rulers, defended the British Empire from their foreign rebels, suppressed the internal revolts and extended the British Empire in Asia and Africa .

POLICE

The third pillar of the British rule was the police formed by Lord Cornwallis .

He introduced a system in which a district was divided into a number of Thanas .

Each Thana under a daroga maintains peace and order in his area .

The district superintendent of police was the head of the police organisation in a district .

Indians were excluded from all superior posts. .

British trying to end crimes like dacoity, police was also responsible for suppressing the rise of any nationalist movement .
